HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION	55		OMB NO. 0938-0193	
- TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE	OF APPROVAL OF	1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER:	2. STATE	
		03-02	Nevada	
STATE PLAN MATERIAL				
FOR: HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION		3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT (MEDICAID)		
TO: REGIONAL ADMINISTRATOR	.•	4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE		
HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMIT	NISTRATION .	October 1, 2003		
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND H	UMAN SERVICES			
5. TYPE OF PLAN MATERIAL (Check On	e):			
☐ NEW STATE PLAN	$\square$ AMENDMENT TO BE (	CONSIDERED AS NEW PLAN		
COMPLETE BLOCKS 6 THE	RU 10 IF THIS IS AN AME	NDMENT (Separate Transmittal for e	ach amendment)	
6. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION C		7. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT:		
State Plan Under Title XIX of the Social Sec	urity Act;	a. FFY 2004 \$0		
42 CFR 440	•	b. FFY 2005	\$0	
8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION	ON OR ATTACHMENT:	9. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPE	RSEDED PLAN SECTION	
	:	OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicab		
Attachment 4-19A: Pages 1-22.	:	Attachment 4-19A: Pages 1-9.		
PAGES 1-9	1 1			
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PAGES 13-15				
PAGES 21-31				
10. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT:				
Hospital Inpatient Rate Conversion.	-			
Hospital Inpatient Rate Conversion.	r A			
11. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One):				
☐ GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTE		$\boxtimes$ OTHER, AS SPECIFIED:		
COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S C				
☐ NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 4	5 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL			
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12. SIGNATURE OF STATE ACTIONS OF	FICIAL:	16. RETURN TO:		
of www process		John A. Liveratti, Chief		
13. TYPED NAME:		Compliance, DHCFP		
Michael J. Willden		1100 East William Street, Suite 102		
14. TITLE:		Carson City, Nevada 89701		
Director, DHR				
15. DATE SUBMITTED:				
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17. DATE RECEIVED:		18. DATE APPROVED:		
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State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 1

# PAYMENT FOR INPATIENT HOSPITAL SERVICES METHODS AND STANDARDS

## I. HOSPITALS UNDER PROSPECTIVE RATES

Types of rates: Inpatient hospital services, which have been authorized for payment at the acute level by a quality improvement organization (QIO-like vendor), as specified in the contract between the QIO-like vendor and Nevada Medicaid, are reimbursed by all-inclusive, prospective per diem rates by type of admission. All-inclusive per diem rates are developed for Maternity, Newborn, Neonatal, Rehabilitative/Specialty Hospital, Level I Trauma, Medical/Surgical, and Psychiatric/Substance Abuse Treatment admissions, as described in Sections II, III, and IV. Administrative day rate development is covered in Section V. Critical Access Hospitals under Medicare retrospective cost reimbursement are described in Section VII.

# II. PROSPECTIVE RATE DEVELOPMENT (Prior to October 1, 2003)

The primary goals of the inpatient hospital rate methodology are: Rates should be based on actual, reasonable, and allowable hospital costs, and the rate development method should comply with federal requirements. The prospective rates are inclusive of all ancillary services required by patients.

- A. Basic data sources for tier rate development.
  - 1. The most recently filed Hospital Health Care Complex Cost Report (HCFA 2552) was the basis for identifying allowable cost. Routine cost limits were not applied.
  - 2. Paid claims and billing information were taken from the Nevada database for Medicaid claim payment history report for services provided during the period covered by the HCFA 2552.

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 2

B. Adjustments made to determine allowable cost.

The following adjustments were made to each individual hospital's cost report:

- An audit adjustment was applied to the total Medicaid cost for each hospital. The
  adjustment was determined by using an average for each hospital of the audit adjustment
  percentages for the three most recent years available. Adjustments for two years were
  used if three were not available.
- 2. Since the hospitals' cost report periods vary, all cost data was indexed to the same period, using the Medicare inflation factor for non-prospective payment system (non-PPS) hospitals.

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 3

III. Conversion of Existing Tier Rates to Per Diem Rates as of September 1, 2003

The current hospital inpatient tier rates for Medical/Surgical, Maternity, and Newborn inpatient categories are in effect for Medicaid payments made through August 31, 2003.

In order to convert to a MMIS system on September 1, 2003, hospital reimbursement tier rates will be converted to per diem rates. The Maternity and Newborn service categories will be retained. The service category Medical/Surgical will be converted to Level I Trauma and Medical/Surgical categories.

These new per diem rates will be effective for claims paid on or after September 1, 2003, until the rates are rebased as directed by the Department of Human Resources.

TN# <u>03-02</u> Supersedes TN# 94-07

Approval Date JUN 3 0 2004

State Nevada Attachment 4.19-A
Page 4

# A. Maternity Rate Conversion

An all-inclusive per diem rate is paid for obstetrical hospital admissions. The rate also covers related admissions such as false labor, undelivered OB, and miscarriages.

Historical Medicaid data for the Calendar Year (CY) ended December 31, 2002, has been extracted showing Medicaid Maternity admissions and Maternity patient days by tier. Projected Maternity payments for each tier are calculated as CY2002 Maternity admissions per tier times the current tier rate. Total projected Maternity payments are the sum of all projected tier payments.

The conversion per diem rate for Maternity has been determined by the following formula:

Total Projected Maternity Payments		
	=	Maternity Per
CY2002 Historical Maternity Patient Days		Diem Rate

TN# <u>03-02</u> Supersedes TN# <u>94-07</u>

State Nevada Attachment 4.19-A
Page 5

## B. Newborn Rate Calculation

An all-inclusive per diem rate will be developed for newborns admitted through routine delivery at a hospital.

Historical Medicaid data for the Calendar Year (CY) ended December 31, 2002, has been extracted showing Medicaid Newborn admissions and Newborn patient days by tier. Projected Newborn payments for each tier are calculated as CY2002 Newborn admissions per tier times the current tier rate. Total projected Newborn payments are the sum of all projected tier payments.

The conversion per diem rate for Newborn has been determined by the following formula:

Total Projected Newborn Payments		
	=	Newborn Per
CY2002 Historical Newborn Patient Days		Diem Rate

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 6

C. Neonatal Intensive Care Rate Calculation

A separate rate is used for patients admitted to Level III Neonatal Intensive Care Units.

The current rate was developed from historical costs pursuant to Section II, Prospective Rate Development. The calculated cost per day of each neonatal unit was arrayed from highest to lowest. The prospective per diem rate was then calculated at the 55th percentile and indexed.

The current rate will continue until rebased as directed bythe Department of Human Resources.

TN# <u>03-02</u> Supersedes TN# <u>94-07</u>

JUN 3 0 2004

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 7

# D. Rehabilitative and Specialty Hospital Rate Calculation

A few Nevada hospitals are licensed to provide acute care in single diagnostic category. Rehabilitative and specialty hospital patients generally have hospital stays of ninety or more days. The length of stay does not significantly influence the cost per day.

To the extent these hospitals participate in Medicaid, they are reimbursed under Medicare's retrospective cost reimbursement, as follows:

- 1). Inpatient hospital services which have been certified for payment at the acute level by a QIO-like vendor, as specified in the contract between the QIO-like vendor and Nevada Medicaid, upon final settlement are reimbursed allowable costs under hospital-specific retrospective Medicare principles of reimbursement in accordance with 42 CFR Part 413.30 and 413.40, Subpart C, and further described in CMS Publications 15-I and 15-II for all payments made prior to September 1, 2003.
- 2) On an interim basis, each hospital is a paid a facility specific rate per day.

For payments made on or after September 1, 2003, these facility specific rates will be used as prospective rates for each facility until rates are rebased as directed by the Department of Human Resources. There will be no cost settlement to these facilities for any payments made on or after September 1, 2003.

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 8

# E. Medical/Surgical Rate Development

The current tier rate will be paid for Medical/Surgical payments made on or prior to August 31, 2003. Beginning September 1, 2003, an all-inclusive per diem rate will be paid for general hospital admission, not meeting the criteria of patients described in Parts B. - D. and F. of this Section or Section IV.

Historical Medicaid data for the Calendar Year (CY) ended December 31, 2002, has been extracted showing Medicaid Medical/Surgical admissions and Medical/Surgical patient days by tier. Projected Medical/Surgical payments for each tier are calculated as CY2002 Medical/Surgical admissions per tier times the current tier rate. Total projected Medical/Surgical payments are the sum of all projected tier payments.

The conversion per diem rate for the Medical/Surgical category has been determined by the following formula:

Total Projected Medical/Surgical Payments		
	=	Medical/Surgical Per
CY2002 Historical Medical/Surgical Patient Day	ys	Diem Rate

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 9

## F. Level I Trauma Centers

Nevada Medicaid will pay an enhanced rate for full trauma team cases at Level I Trauma Centers. For payments made on or before August 31, 2003, the enhanced trauma rate is 1.63 times the Medical/Surgical tier rate. For services paid September 1, 2003, and after the enhanced trauma rate is 1.63 times the Medical/Surgical per diem rate described in Part E. of this Section.

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 13

# IV. PSYCHIATRIC/SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT RATE DEVELOPMENT

Psychiatric/substanceabuse treatment admissions can vary from short stays to several weeks. The length of stay does not significantly impact the cost per day. Therefore, a per diem rate is a more appropriate method to pay acute care hospitals providing this type of service.

Psychiatric/substance abuse treatment costs for each hospital are divided by the number of psychiatric/substance abuse treatment days to determine a cost per day. The Medicaid related costs of freestanding psychiatric hospitals are determined using the steps in Section II, Parts A and B, then dividing their Medicaid costs by their total Medicaid days to determine the cost per day. The calculated cost per day of each general acute care hospital and freestanding psychiatric hospital is arrayed from highest to lowest. The prospective per diem rate is then calculated at the 55<sup>th</sup> percentile and indexed in accordance with Section II, Part E of this plan.

These rates do not apply to facilities accredited as Residential Treatment Centers by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Organizations (JCAHO).

TN# <u>03-02</u> Supersedes TN# 94-07

Approval Date

State Nevada

Attachment 4.19-A

Page 14

## V. ADMINISTRATIVE DAY RATE DEVELOPMENT

For those patients who remain in an acute care hospital awaiting admittance to a long-term care facility, an administrative day rate is used. Services so reimbursed are call "administrative days."

The administrative rate is calculated each year. It is based on the most recent statewide weighted average payment rate for skilled and intermediate levels of care plus a 100% factor. Under certain circumstances, up to an additional 300% is added for a patient with exceptional or abnormal needs; for example, patients in need of isolation, ventilation dependency, or total parental nutrition. The administrative rate, plus the maximum 300% factor, is lower than the hospital rate as described in Part I of the State Plan.

# VI. RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT CENTERS

Nevada Medicaid will only pay for stays in facilities accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation Health Organizations (JCAHO) as Residential Treatment Centers (RTCs). All stays must be preapproved by the QIO-like vendor. These services will be reimbursed at the lowest rate acceptable to both parties. In establishing the lowest rate acceptable to both parties, Nevada Medicaid reviews cost information filed by the RTC, amounts paid by other insurers, and national literature on costs for RTCs. Each facility will have a negotiated rate established for each general level of service. If a placement is being proposed which is different from the general level of care offered by the facility, a rate will be negotiated after considering the average cost per day of the facility and the additional will be reviewed based upon cost information received on or prior July 1 of the year of review. The rate cannot exceed the reasonable and customary charges of the facility for similar services.

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